Understanding and Responding to Hate & Bias





Tools to Build On

In a charged political climate and national dialogue, afterschool programs must equip themselves to help students work through complex thoughts and emotions.

Next Webinar:

Difficult Dialogues

Reminders



NEW guide



Recording



Webinar archive

Resources to promote belonging and inclusion









Some words to start.



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#afterschoolisforeveryone

Guest Speakers



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Today's Agenda

- 1. Educate yourself & connect with others
- 2. Create an incident response plan
- 3. Equip frontline staff



Educate Yourself & Connect

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Bias



Bullying

?

Identity-Based Bullying

Discrimination



Hate

Terms to Know



1. Bias

- 2. Discrimination
- 3. Bullying
- 4. Identity-Based Bullying
- 5. Hate

Bias

An inclination or preference either for or against an individual or group that interferes with impartial judgment.



- 1. Bias
- 2. Discrimination
- 3. Bullying
- 4. Identity-Based Bullying
- 5. Hate

Discrimination

The denial of justice and fair treatment by both individuals and institutions in many arenas, including employment, education, housing, banking and political rights.



- 1. Bias
- 2. Discrimination

3. Bullying

- 4. Identity-Based Bullying
- 5. Hate

Bullying

Repeated actions or threats of action directed toward a person by one or more people who have (or are perceived to have) more power or status than their target in order to cause fear, distress or harm.



- 1. Bias
- 2. Discrimination
- 3. Bullying
- 4. Identity-Based Bullying
- 5. Hate

Identity-Based Bullying

Any form of bullying related to the characteristics considered unique to a youth's identity, such as their race, religion, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity or physical appearance.

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Hate ≠ Bias

- 1. Interpersonal Hate
- 2. Hate Crime
- 3. Institutional Hate

Some stats...

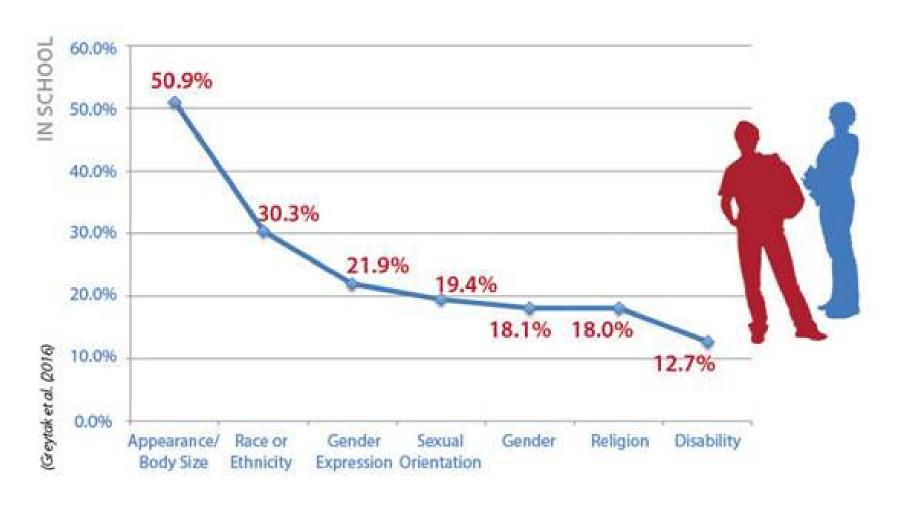
Educators are reporting incidents

SOURCE: After Election Day: The Trump Effect // The Impact of the 2016
Presidential Election on our Nation's Schools

- 8 in 10 reported **heightened anxiety** from marginalized students.
- 4 in 10 have heard derogatory language directed at students of color, Muslims, immigrants, and people based on gender or sexual orientation.
- 2,500 described specific incidents of bigotry and harassment that can be directly traced to election rhetoric.
 - Examples include graffiti, assaults on students and teachers, property damage, fights and threats of violence.

Students report being bullied about:

SOURCE: Bullying and Cyberbullying Prevention Strategies and Resources (2015 survey)



Students don't often tell adults.

SOURCE: Statistics on Bullying

39% BULLIED, NOTIFIED AN ADULT after a school incident

23% CYBERBULLIED, NOTIFIED AN ADULT after an online incident

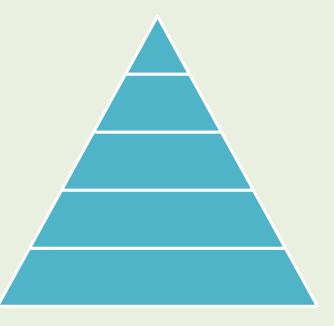


REASONS STUDENTS KEEP SILENT

- Negative messages about 'tattling" and "snitching"
- Fear of retaliation
- Don't think adults will handle well (won't get better, won't do anything, etc.)

What's the bigger context?

- Biased behaviors grow in complexity and impact.
- It's our job to intervene at the foundational levels.



The Pyramid of Hate

GENOCIDE

The act or intent to deliberately and systemically annihilate an entire people

BIAS-MOTIVATED VIOLENCE

Threats, Assault, Rape, Murder, Arson, Terrorism, Vandalism, Desecration

DISCRIMINATION

Economic, Employment, Educational, Political or Housing Discrimination and Segregation

INDIVIDUAL PREJUDICE

Social Avoidance, Ridicule, Name-calling, Bullying, Slurs and De-humanization

BIAS

Jokes, Rumors, Stereotyping, Non-inclusive Language and Insensitive Remarks

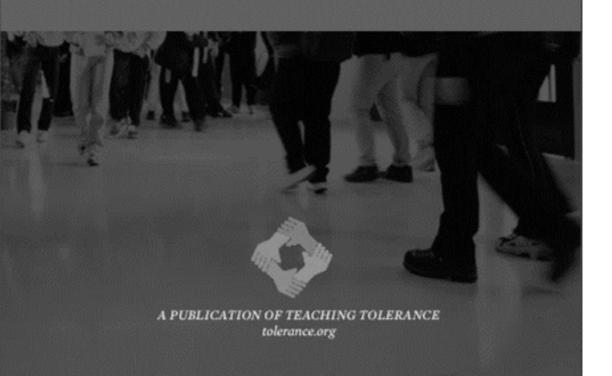
Connecting with others

- Anti-Defamation League's regional offices
- Teacher organizations for social studies, history, and English
- #CharlottesvilleCurriculum
- National AfterSchool Association
- YWCA local chapters
- Teach Back Initiative @ Hunter College

Creating a Response Plan

A GUIDE FOR ADMINISTRATORS, COUNSELORS AND TEACHERS

RESPONDING TO HATE AND BIAS AT SCHOOL





BEFORE



DURING



AFTER

During a Crisis

Nine key points to consider when responding to a crisis that has been triggered by a bias has been triggered by a bias incident.



During a Crisis

- 1. Put safety first
- 2. Denounce the act
- 3. Investigate
- 4. Involve others
- 5. Work with the media

- Provide accurate information—and dispel misinformation
- 7. Support targeted students
- 8. Seek justice, avoid blame
- 9. Promote healing

After the Worst is Over

Address long-term planning and capacity building for the future, including development of social emotional skills.



After the Worst is Over

- 1. Reflect on lessons learned
- 2. Pull together a task force to ensure follow-through
- 3. Start capacity building

Prevent a Crisis from Occurring

How can you assess your program's climate with an eye toward defusing tensions, preventing escalation and avoiding problems?



Prevent a Crisis from Occurring

- 1. Listen, watch and learn
- 2. Stay current, stay connected
- 3. Set high expectations
- 4. Make the most of teachable moments
- 5. Speak up

Training Staff



Program leaders must help staff address their own biases BEFORE expecting them to productively engage or respond to students and parents.

Staff must be able to:

- Support a culture where young people can be honest & open about their lives, perspectives & experiences.
- 2. Make themselves approachable.
- 3. Identify incidents, follow procedures, & provide the appropriate support.
- 4. Educate students about hate, bias, & bullying.
- 5. Teach students to be allies.

Keep in Mind...

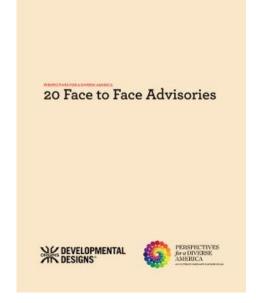
- Be a model for students:
 Educators need to do the work amongst themselves first.
- Embrace messiness: It's an ongoing, non-linear process.
- Ask yourself: What message are we sending to youth by not talking about (x) issues / current events?





Getting Started

- Start where group is
- Build relationships & bridge cultural gaps
- Have staff do a bias selfassessment and unpack results together.
- Practice, practice, practice





Audience Q&A



HoytTeaching Tolerance



Jinnie Anti-Defamation League

There's a lot more to this issue.

- 1. Working with students
- 2. Engaging families and communities
- 3. Influencing school, district, or state policy
- 4. Tackling school climate

