

Afterschool Programs in Missouri

A powerful convergence of factors—including a lack of federal, state and local funding, and families and communities working with tight budgets—leaves 318,282 of Missouri's school-age children alone and unsupervised in the hours after school. Afterschool programs are essential to keep kids safe, engage children in enriching activities, and give peace of mind to working moms and dads during the out-of-school hours. There are approximately 120,867 school-age children in afterschool programs in Missouri. This includes 18,987 kids who attend 21st Century Community Learning Centers (21st CCLC)—programs that serve children living in high-poverty areas and attending low-performing schools. At a time when families and communities are struggling financially and kids are falling behind academically, afterschool programs are needed more than ever.

Afterschool Programs Are More than a Safe Space:

Afterschool programs not only keep kids safe, they also help improve students' academic performance, school attendance, behavior and health, and support working families:

- A longitudinal study of children involved in Missouri's 4-H afterschool programs found that participation in the program increased student's interest in science, engineering and computer technology. Youth involved in 4-H were 1.4 times more likely to plan to follow a science, engineering or computer technology career path or educational course and 1.7 times as likely to participate in afterschool science, engineering or computer technology programs, compared to nonparticipants. (Turner, L.J., et. al., 2009)
- A study of nearly 3,000 low-income students at 35 high-quality afterschool programs across the U.S. found students who regularly attended programs over the course of two years, compared to their peers who were routinely unsupervised during the afterschool hours:
 - Made significant improvements academically and behaviorally;
 - Demonstrated gains in their standardized math test scores; and
 - Saw reductions in teacher-reported misconduct and reduced use of drugs and alcohol. (Vandell, D.L., et. al., 2007)

Need for Afterschool Programs in Missouri by the Numbers:

283,634 kids in Missouri would participate in an afterschool program if one were available to them (32%).

318,282 kids are on their own in the hours after school in Missouri (32%).

120,867 kids in Missouri participate in afterschool programs (12%).

Attendance, behavior and coursework are three key indicators of whether a middle school student will likely graduate from high school.

An analysis of 68 afterschool studies found that students participating in high-quality afterschool programs went to school more, behaved better, received better grades and performed better on tests compared to students who did not participate in afterschool programs.

- Students who attended 21st CCLC programs made significant improvements in their classroom behavior, completing their homework and participating in class. Gains were also made in students' math and English grades. (Learning Point Associates, 2011)
- A study found that—after controlling for baseline obesity, poverty, race and ethnicity—the prevalence of obesity was significantly lower for children participating in an afterschool program when compared to nonparticipants. (Mahoney, et. al., 2005)

"Parents want quality after school programs where they know that their children are safe, enriched and active. Unfortunately, only 1 out of 10 children have access to such programs."

> -Francis G. Slay Mayor, City of St. Louis

State of Federal Funding for Afterschool Programs in Missouri:

In Missouri, the 21st Century Community Learning Centers (21st CCLC) initiative is the only federal funding source dedicated exclusively to before-school, afterschool and summer learning programs. Investment in 21st CCLC programs helps ensure children from high-poverty and low-performing schools have access to a safe and supervised space; keeps kids involved in interest-driven academic enrichment activities that put them on the road to become lifelong learners; and helps support working families. Currently, 349,506 kids in Missouri are eligible to participate in a 21st CCLC program. However, just 18,987 students attend a 21st CCLC program due to lack of federal funding.

A Closer Look at 21st Century Community Learning Centers (21st CCLC)

- If the 21st CCLC initiative were funded at the fully authorized level, the Missouri share would be \$39,663,719 for Fiscal Year (FY) 2013. The current amount appropriated is \$18,987,498.
- 65 additional grants in Missouri could be awarded if full funding for 21st CCLC were available.

Estimated Number of Children		
Participating in 21 st CCLC Programs*		
FY2011	18,331	
FY2012	18,987	
FY2013	18,987	
*Numbers are based on the cost of \$1,000 per child		



Number of Kids Served: 18,987 Number of Grantees:

Number of Communities Served: 272 Local Grant
Requests Awarded:
25 out of
52

The Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF)

In 2012, the Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF)—which provides vouchers or subsidies for low-income parents to pay for child care, including preschool, before-school, afterschool and summer care for children ages 6 to 12—received \$5.21 billion. Although Pres. Obama's most recent FY2013 budget proposed an additional \$825 million national increase to CCDF, further support for this federal funding source will be necessary to promote greater access to quality afterschool programs.

Total FY2012 CCDF funds in Missouri	Federal Share	Percentage of children receiving subsidies who are school-age
\$136,399,855	\$101,284,518	26%