

## **Afterschool Programs in New Mexico**

A powerful convergence of factors—including a lack of federal, state and local funding, and families and communities working with tight budgets—leaves 75,844 of New Mexico's schoolage children alone and unsupervised in the hours after school. Afterschool programs are essential to keep kids safe, engage children in enriching activities, and give peace of mind to working moms and dads during the out-of-school hours. There are approximately 57,138 school-age children in afterschool programs in New Mexico. This includes 8,730 kids who attend 21<sup>st</sup> Century Community Learning Centers (21<sup>st</sup> CCLC)—programs that serve children living in high-poverty areas and attending low-performing schools. At a time when families and communities are struggling financially and kids are falling behind academically, afterschool programs are needed more than ever.

### Afterschool Programs Are More than a Safe Space:

Afterschool programs not only keep kids safe, they also help improve students' academic performance, school attendance, behavior and health, and support working families:

- An evaluation of an afterschool and in-school literacy initiative operated in rural locations in 12 states, including New Mexico, found that students participating in the program showed significantly larger gains in their reading scores compared to matched non-participants. (Romash, R. A., et. al., 2010)
- A study of nearly 3,000 low-income students at 35 high-quality afterschool programs across the U.S. found students who regularly attended programs over the course of two years, compared to their peers who were routinely unsupervised during the afterschool hours:
  - Made significant improvements academically and behaviorally;
  - Demonstrated gains in their standardized math test scores; and
  - Saw reductions in teacher-reported misconduct and reduced use of drugs and alcohol. (Vandell, D.L., et. al., 2007)
- Students who attended 21<sup>st</sup> CCLC programs made significant improvements in their classroom behavior, completing their homework and

# Need for Afterschool Programs in New Mexico by the Numbers:

113,188 kids in New Mexico would participate in an afterschool program if one were available to them (40%).

**75,844** kids are on their own in the hours after school in New Mexico (22%).

**57,138** kids in New Mexico participate in afterschool programs (17%).

Attendance, behavior and coursework are three key indicators of whether a middle school student will likely graduate from high school.

An analysis of 68 afterschool studies found that students participating in high-quality afterschool programs went to school more, behaved better, received better grades and performed better on tests compared to students who did not participate in afterschool programs.

- participating in class. Gains were also made in students' math and English grades. (Learning Point Associates, 2011)
- A study found that—after controlling for baseline obesity, poverty, race and ethnicity—the prevalence of obesity was significantly lower for children participating in an afterschool program when compared to nonparticipants. (Mahoney, et. al., 2005)

State of Federal Funding for Afterschool Programs in **New Mexico:** 

In New Mexico, the 21<sup>st</sup> Century Community Learning Centers (21<sup>st</sup> CCLC) initiative is the only federal funding source dedicated exclusively to before-school, afterschool and

"We have an obligation to our children to make sure that their learning environment is as safe and healthy as possible... I support finding resources to renovate school buildings, improving school nutrition and physical education standards and programs, supporting afterschool activities and encouraging schools to be part of the fabric of a community." -Tom Udall

U.S. Senate

summer learning programs. Investment in 21st CCLC programs helps ensure children from high-poverty and low-performing schools have access to a safe and supervised space; keeps kids involved in interestdriven academic enrichment activities that put them on the road to become lifelong learners; and helps support working families. Currently, 159,851 kids in New Mexico are eligible to participate in a 21<sup>st</sup> CCLC program. However, just 8,730 students attend a 21<sup>st</sup> CCLC program due to lack of federal funding.

## A Closer Look at 21<sup>st</sup> Century Community Learning Centers (21<sup>st</sup> CCLC)

- If the 21<sup>st</sup> CCLC initiative were funded at the fully authorized level, the New Mexico share would be \$18,748,654 for Fiscal Year (FY) 2013. The current amount appropriated is \$8,729,513.
- 32 additional grants in New Mexico could be awarded if full funding for 21st CCLC were available.

Estimated Number of Children Participating in 21 <sup>st</sup> CCLC Programs*		
FY2011	8,665	
FY2012	8,730	
FY2013	8,730	
*Numbers are based on the cost of \$1,000 per child		



Number of Kids Served: 8,730

Number of Grantees: 28

Number of Communities Served: 119

**Local Grant** Requests Awarded: 29 out of 51

#### The Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF)

In 2012, the Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF)—which provides vouchers or subsidies for lowincome parents to pay for child care, including preschool, before-school, afterschool and summer care for children ages 6 to 12—received \$5.21 billion. Although Pres. Obama's most recent FY2013 budget proposed an additional \$825 million national increase to CCDF, further support for this federal funding source will be necessary to promote greater access to quality afterschool programs.

Total FY2012 CCDF funds in New Mexico	Federal Share	Percentage of children receiving subsidies who are school-age
\$48,332,098	\$40,212,126	30%